

## Types of STD's

Types of STD	What to Watch For?	How Do You Get This STD?	What Happens If You Don't Get Treated?
<p><b>Chlamydia or NGU</b></p>	<p>Symptoms show up 7-21 days after having sex. Most women and some men have no symptoms</p> <p><b>Women:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Discharge from the vagina</li> <li>○ Bleeding from the vagina between periods</li> <li>○ Burning or pain when you</li> <li>○ Pain in abdomen, sometimes with nausea</li> </ul> <p><b>Men:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Watery, white or yellow drip from the penis</li> <li>○ Burning or pain when you urinate</li> </ul>	<p>Spread during vaginal, anal or oral sex with someone who has chlamydia or NGU</p>	<p>You can give Chlamydia or NGU to your sexual partner(s).</p> <p>Can lead to more serious infection. reproductive organs can be damaged.</p> <p>Both men and women may no longer be able to have children.</p> <p>A mother with chlamydia can give it to her baby during childbirth.</p>
<p><b>Genital Warts</b></p>	<p>Symptoms show up 1-8 months after having sex</p> <p>Small bumpy warts on the sex organs and anus</p> <p>The warts do not go away</p> <p>Itching or burning around the sex organs</p> <p>After warts go away, the virus stays in the body and the warts can come back</p>	<p>Spread during vaginal, anal or oral sex with someone who has genital warts</p>	<p>You can give genital warts to your sexual partner(s)</p> <p>Warts cannot be cured</p> <p>More warts grow and are harder to get rid of</p> <p>A mother with warts can give them to her baby during childbirth</p> <p>May lead to precancerous conditions</p>

<p><b>Gonorrhea</b></p>	<p>Symptoms show up 2-21 days after having sex. Most women and some men have no symptoms</p> <p><b>Women:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Thick yellow or white discharge from the vagina</li> <li>○ Burning or pain when you urinate (pee) or have a bowel movement</li> <li>○ Abnormal periods or bleeding</li> <li>○ Bleeding from the vagina between periods</li> <li>○ Cramps and pain in the lower abdomen (belly)</li> </ul> <p><b>Men:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Thick yellow or white drip from the penis</li> <li>○ Burning or pain when you urinate or have a bowel movement</li> <li>○ Need to urinate more often</li> </ul>	<p>Spread during vaginal, anal or oral sex with someone who has gonorrhea</p>	<p>You can give gonorrhea to your sexual partner(s).</p> <p>Can lead to more serious infection; Reproductive organs can be damaged;</p> <p>Both men and women may no longer be able to have children; A mother with gonorrhea can give it to her baby during childbirth;</p> <p>Can cause heart trouble, skin disease, arthritis and blindness;</p>
<p><b>Hepatitis B</b></p>	<p>Symptoms show up 1-9 months after contact with the hepatitis B virus</p> <p>Many people have no symptoms or mild symptoms</p> <p>Flu-like feelings that don't go away</p> <p>Tiredness</p> <p>Jaundice (yellow skin)</p> <p>Dark urine, light –colored bowel movements</p>	<p>Spread during vaginal, anal or oral sex with someone who has hepatitis B; Spread by sharing needles to inject drugs, or for any other reason. Spread by contact with infected blood</p>	<p>You can give Hepatitis B to your sexual partner(s) or someone you share a needle with. Some people recover completely.</p> <p>Some people cannot be cured. Symptoms go away, but they can still give hepatitis B to others.</p> <p>Can cause permanent liver damage.</p> <p>A mother with hepatitis B can give it to her baby during childbirth.</p>

<p><b>Herpes</b></p>	<p>Symptoms show up 1-30 days after having sex</p> <p>Some people have no symptoms</p> <p>Flu-like feelings</p> <p>Small, painful blisters on the sex organs or mouth</p> <p>Itching or burning before the blisters appear</p> <p>Blisters last 1-3 weeks</p> <p>Blisters go away, but you still have herpes; Blisters can come back</p>	<p>Spread during vaginal, anal or oral sex with someone who has herpes</p>	<p>You can give herpes to your sexual partner(s).</p> <p>Herpes cannot be cured.</p> <p>A mother with herpes can give it to her baby during childbirth.</p>
<p><b>HIV/AIDS</b></p>	<p>Symptoms show up several months to several years after contact with HIV, the virus that cause AIDS</p> <p>Can be present for many years with no symptoms</p> <p>Unexplained weight loss or tiredness</p> <p>Flu-like feelings that don't go away</p> <p>Diarrhea</p> <p>White spots in mouth</p> <p>In women, yeast infections that don't go away</p>	<p>Spread during vaginal, anal or oral sex with someone who has HIV; Spread by sharing needles to inject drugs, or for an other reason; Spread by contact with infected blood</p>	<p>You can give HIV to your sexual partner(s) or someone you share a needle with.</p> <p>HIV cannot be cured. Most people die from the disease.</p> <p>A mother with HIV can give it to her baby in the womb, during birth or while breastfeeding.</p>

<p><b>Syphilis</b></p>	<p><b>1st Stage:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Symptoms show up 3-12 weeks after having sex</li> <li>○ A painless sore or sores on the mouth, sex organs, breast or fingers</li> <li>○ Sore lasts 1-5 weeks</li> <li>○ Sore goes away, but you still have syphilis</li> </ul> <p><b>2nd Stage:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Symptoms show up 1 week – 6 months after sore heals</li> <li>○ A rash anywhere on the body</li> <li>○ Flu-like feelings</li> <li>○ Rash and flu-like feelings go away, but you still have syphilis</li> </ul>	<p>Spread during vaginal, anal or oral sex with someone who has syphilis</p>	<p>You can give syphilis to your sexual partner(s).</p> <p>A mother with syphilis can give it to her baby during childbirth or have a miscarriage.</p> <p>Can cause heart disease, brain damage, blindness and death;</p>
<p><b>Vaginitis</b></p>	<p>Some women have no symptoms</p> <p>Itching, burning or pain in the vagina</p> <p>More discharge from the vagina than normal</p> <p>Discharge smells and/or looks different</p>	<p>Spread during vaginal, anal or oral sex. Men can carry vaginitis infections without symptoms.</p>	<p>You can give syphilis to your sexual partner(s).</p> <p>Uncomfortable symptoms will continue</p> <p>Men can get infections in the penis, prostate gland or urethra.</p>